

INTERIM REPORT

January-June 2018

EnterCard Group AB 556673-0585

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INTERIM REPORT FOR ENTERCARD GROUP AB

The Chief Executive Officer for EnterCard Group AB hereby submits the Interim report for January 1 - June 30, 2018.

SUMMARY

Scope, type of Operation and ownership

EnterCard Group AB operates in the Scandinavian market, with the issuance of credit cards and consumer loans as a primary business focus. The company was founded in 2005 by Barclays Bank, the largest credit institution providing credit cards financing in Europe, and Swedbank, a leading banking group in the Nordics and Baltics. The business focus of EnterCard is to issue credit cards and consumer loans under its own brand, re:member, in all three Scandinavian countries, as well as issuing credit cards and loans under different partners' brands and through their own distribution channels.

EnterCard Group AB is owned by Swedbank AB, 60% and Barclays Bank PLC, 40% through a joint venture. EnterCard Group AB operates two branches in Norway and Denmark, respectively.

Significant events during the quarter

There has not been any significant events in EnterCard during the quarter.

Earnings, profitability and position

In order to make a sensible comparison of the amounts in the following summary sections in the administration report, the comparative figures is to the previous year Group amounts, before the merger.

Operating income as per June 30, 2018, amounted to 1,623.8m SEK, to compare with 1,473.4m SEK the same period previous year. Total loans to the public excluding provisions of anticipated loan losses as per June 30, 2018, increased to 28,336.3m SEK compared to 23,811.9m SEK June 30, 2017.

Impaired loans, after loan loss provision, as per June 30 amounted to a book value of 741.6m SEK which constitutes 2,5 percent of the total credit portfolio.

Profit before tax amounted to 560.6m SEK (452.8m SEK).

Investments

Investments in tangible assets and inventories during the period amounted to 0.1 m SEK and investments in intangible fixed assets amounted to 5.9m SEK. EnterCard continuously assesses whether there are indications of diminished value for assets. The evaluation has shown that there is no need for impairment.

Significant risks and factors of uncertainty

EnterCard is a consumer financing company navigating a number of risks and considerations to deliver products and services that meets the customer needs and expectations. Interest ratios is a major component to the yearly financial development and is monitored continuously. The trend of decreasing interest rates has subsided in the three Scandinavian countries where EnterCard operates. A successive increase in interest during the second half of 2018 is expected.

The extensive regulatory development within the banking and financing industry will have further impact on EnterCard. The work preparing for implementation of the upcoming regulations, including GDPR and PSD2 has continued during the quarter.

The economic situation remains stable in both Norway and Sweden. There are no visible signs of a deteriorated unemployment ratio.

Liquidity and funding

Funding has exclusively been provided by Swedbank AB and Barclays Bank PLC. EnterCard's liquidity need is satisfied through credits and loans provided by the owners. EnterCard's cash balance June 30 amounted to 2,523.2m SEK, cash balance in the beginning of the year was 2,650.2m SEK.

The liquidity reserve amounted to 2,327.5m SEK (1,506.7m SEK), more detailed information is provided in note 5 and note 6. EnterCard Group AB's Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) was 437% (294%). According to EnterCard's interpretation of the Basel Committee's most recent proposal on Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR), EnterCard's NSFR was 144% (162%).

As per June 30, the survival horizon, in a scenario with a very limited access to funding and significantly decreased inflows from customers, was 104 days for SEK, 91 days for NOK and 273 days for DKK, to be compared with the risk appetite, decided by the Board, of 60 days.

More detailed information on the liquidity reserve and liquidity management is provided in the yearly Risk and capital adequacy report.

Capital adequacy

Total capital ratio for EnterCard June 30 was 18,1%. The total capital base amounted to 5,059.2m SEK and the total risk exposure amount for credit risk was 20,959.4m SEK. EnterCard applies the standardized approach to calculate the capital requirement for credit risk.

Audit review

This report has not been reviewed by EnterCards auditors. Although, the company's result have been subject for a general review by the end of June.

Income statement

Numbers as per June 30, 2017, refers to EnterCard Group AB (previous parent company EnterCard Holding AB).

		2018-01-01	2017-01-01	2017-01-01
TSEK No	te	2018-06-30	2017-12-31	2017-06-30
Interest income		1 477 188	2 740 666	512
Interest expenses		-72 938	-149 855	-342
Net interest income		1 404 250	2 590 811	170
Commission income		449 234	865 495	-
Commission expenses		-254 474	-467 956	-3
Net commissions		194 760	397 538	-3
Other income		24 772	44 548	9 285
TOTAL OPERATING INCOME		1 623 783	3 032 898	9 452
Staff costs		-255 523	-520 062	-9 262
Other general administrative expenses		-405 030	-812 612	-7 510
Total general administrative expenses		-660 553	-1 332 674	-16 773
Depreciation/amortization and impairments of tangible and intangible fixed assets		-23 596	-38 551	-
Other costs		-12 411	-22 820	-743
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		-696 559	-1 394 045	-17 516
Profit before loan losses		927 223	1 638 853	-8 064
Loan losses, net	2	-366 594	-512 850	
OPERATING PROFIT		560 630	1 126 003	-8 064
Tax expense		-130 277	-276 536	1 774
PROFIT/LOSS FOR THE YEAR		430 353	849 467	-6 290

Statement of comprehensive income

	2018-01-01	2017-01-01	2017-01-01
TSEK	2018-06-30	2017-12-31	2017-06-30
Profit for the year recognized within the income statement	430 353	849 467	-6 290
Components which will not be reclassified to the income statement			
Revaluation of defined-benefit pensions	-	-16 395	-
Tax	-	4 099	_
Total	-	-12 296	
Components which have or will be reclassified to the income statement			
Unrealised changes in fair value	-3 440	4 565	-
Exchange rate differences	268 184	-71 128	-
Тах	-	15 648	_
Total	264 745	-50 916	-
Total profit	695 098	786 255	-6 290

Balance Sheet

Numbers as per June 30, 2017 refers to EnterCard Group AB (former parent company EnterCard Holding AB).

TSEK	Note	2018-06-30	2017-12-31	2017-06-30
Assets				
Loans to credit institutions	3,4	2 523 230	2 650 169	19 731
Loans to the public	3,4	26 636 755	24 186 570	-
Bonds and other interest-bearing securities	5,6	2 327 492	2 025 314	-
Shares and participating interests		-	-	790 885
Intangible fixed assets		108 512	123 206	-
Tangible assets		7 572	3 563	-
Deferred tax assets		6 216	5 664	1 774
Other assets		245 805	159 627	216 276
Prepaid expenses and accrued income		82 529	159 258	974
TOTAL ASSETS		31 938 112	29 313 371	1 029 640
Liabilities				
Amounts owed to credit institutions		25 975 409	22 966 924	-
Other liabilities		225 253	366 846	54 263
Accrued expenses and prepaid income		251 371	307 263	31 168
Pension provisions		15 333	20 750	-
Provisions		42 876	-	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		26 510 243	23 661 784	85 431
Equity				
Share capital		5 000	5 000	5 000
Fair value reserve		6 067	-2 627	-
Retained earnings		4 986 449	4 799 748	945 499
Profit for the period		430 353	849 467	-6 290
TOTAL EQUITY		5 427 869	5 651 587	944 209
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		31 938 112	29 313 371	1 029 640

Statement of changes in equity

	Resti	ricted equity		Non-restricted equity		
		Fund for			Profit/loss	
	Share	development	Translation	Fair value	carried	
TSEK	capital	expenditures	Differences	reserve	forward	Total Equity
Opening balance January 1, 2017	5 000	-	-	-	1 211 149	1 216 149
Dividends					-265 650	-265 650
Profit/loss for the period			-	-	-6 290	-6 290
Closing balance June 30, 2017	5 000	-	-	-	939 208	944 209
TSEK						
*Opening balance January 1, 2017	5 000	-	-	-	1 211 149	1 216 149
Net assets taken over from merger		31 697	-284 694	-7 192	4 175 023	3 914 834
Dividends					-265 650	-265 650
Transfer to restricted equity		12 783			-12 783	-
Profit/loss for the year			-55 480	4 565	837 171	786 255
of which recognized in income statement					849 467	849 467
of which recognized in other comprehensive income			-71 128	4 565	-16 395	-82 959
of which tax recognized in other comprehensive income			<i>15 648</i>		4 099	19 747
Closing balance December 31, 2017	5 000	44 480	-340 174	-2 627	5 944 909	5 651 587
TSEK						
Opening balance January 1, 2018	5 000	44 480	-340 174	-2 627	5 944 909	5 651 587
Amendments due to the adoption of IFRS 9					-368 815	-368 815
Adjusted opening balance January 1, 2018					5 576 094	5 282 772
Dividends					-550 000	-550 000
Profit/loss for the period			268 184	-3 440	430 353	695 098
of which recognized in income statement					430 353	430 353
of which recognized in other comprehensive income			268 184	-3 440	-	264 745
Closing balance June 30, 2018	5 000	44 480	-71 990	-6 067	5 456 447	5 427 869

^{*}Opening balance January 1, 2017 refers to former Parent company EnterCard Holding AB.

Statement of cash flow

TSEK

Operating activities	2018-06-30	2017-12-31	2017-06-30
Operating profit/loss	560 630	1 126 003	-8 064
Adjustments for non-cash items	-14 891	183 199	-4 531
Taxes paid	-187 175	-266 789	-
Cash flow from operating activities before working capital changes	358 563	1 042 413	-12 594
Cash flow from changes in working capital			
Increase/decrease in loans to the public	-1 833 244	-3 107 979	-
Increase/decrease of bonds and other interest-bearing securities	-242 231	222 049	-
Increase/decrease in other assets	-61 076	-24 950	10 062
Increase/decrease in other liabilities	-58 410	5 700	-4 440
Cash flow from operating activities	-2 194 960	-2 905 180	5 622
Investing activities			
Purchase of intangible assets	-5 912	-38 001	_
Purchase of tangible assets	-146	-2 135	_
Cash flow from investing activities	-6 058	-40 136	-
Financing activities			
Dividends	-550 000	-265 650	-
Increase/decrease of deposits and borrowing	2 140 974	2 779 365	-
Cash flow from financing activities	1 590 974	2 513 715	-
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TAKEN OVER FROM MERGER	-	2 051 951	-
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF YEAR	2 650 169	26 703	26 703
CASH FLOW FOR THE PERIOD	2 398 688	2 662 763	-6 972
Exchange rate differences on cash and cash equivalents	124 543	-39 297	-
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE PERIOD	2 523 230	2 650 169	19 731

Comparative numbers before the merger

Comparative numbers for 2017 refers to the former EnterCard Group, with EnterCard Holding AB as Parent company and EnterCard Sverige AB and EnterCard Norge AS subsidiaries. Numbers for 2018 refers to EnterCard Group AB, including the branches EnterCard Norge and EnterCard Danmark.

TSEK	2018-06-30	2017-06-30
Income statement		
Net interest income	1 404 250	1 259 702
Net commissions	194 760	189 325
Other income	24 772	24 375
Total operating income	1 623 782	1 473 402
Total general administrative expenses	-672 963	-643 312
Depreciation/amortization and impairments of tangible and intangible fixed assets	-23 596	-17 874
Total operating expenses	-696 559	-661 186
Profit before loan losses	927 223	812 216
Loan losses, net	-366 594	-359 394
Operating profit	560 630	452 822
Tax expense	-130 277	-108 567
Profit/loss for the period	430 353	344 255
Balance Sheet		
Assets		
Loans to credit institution	2 523 230	2 813 532
Loans to the public, net	26 636 755	22 427 415
Bonds and other interest-bearing securities	2 327 492	1 506 752
Intangible fixed assets	108 512	131 821
Tangible assets	7 572	3 205
Deferred tax	6 216	13 894
Other assets	245 805	178 657
Prepaid expenses and accrued income	82 529	174 639
Total assets	31 938 111	27 249 915
Liabilities and equity		
Liabilities		
Amounts owed to credit institutions	25 975 409	21 565 568
Other liabilities	225 253	237 924
Accrued expenses and prepaid income	251 371	247 650
Pension provisions	15 333	45 557
Provisions	42 876	-
Total liabilities	26 510 242	22 096 699
Equity		
Share capital (5 000 shares)	5 000	5 000
Fair value reserve	6 067	810
Retained earnings	4 986 449	4 803 152
Profit for the period	430 353	344 255
Total equity	5 427 869	5 153 217
Total liabilities and equity	31 938 112	27 249 916

Notes

Note 1 Accounting principles

The interim report for EnterCard Group AB refers to the period January 1 - June 30, 2018. EnterCard is based in Stockholm, Sweden, the corporate identity number is 556673-0585.

This interim report has been prepared in accordance with the regulations of the law (1995:1559) on the Annual Accounts Act for Credit Institutions and Securities Companies, Chapter 9, and the rules and regulations issued by the Financial Supervisory Authorities (Finansinspektionen) FFFS 2008:25 Chapter 8 and the Council for Financial Reporting Board's recommendation RFR 2, accounting for legal entities. The same accounting principles as in the most recent annual report has been applied. As a result of the merger in October 2017 between the parent company and its subsidiaries, EnterCard Sverige AB and EnterCard Norge AS, the consolidated financial statement are no longer prepared.

Statements are presented in Swedish krona and all values are rounded to thousand kronor (tSEK) unless otherwise noted.

The accounting principles applied in the interim report are consistent with the accounting policies applied in the preparation of the annual report for 2017, with the exception of the following.

Revenue from Contracts with customers (IFRS 15)

For EnterCard the interchange and commissions will be in scope for IFRS 15. Revenue is recognized at the date when control of the product or service is transferred to the customer. This means that for EnterCard IFRS 15 will not require any change in the recognition of revenue. The adoption will not have any significant impact on EnterCard financial position, performance or cash flow.

Financial instruments (IFRS 9)

Classification and valuation

The company's new principles for classification and valuation of financial assets is based on an assessment of both (i) the company's business model for the management of financial assets, and (ii) characteristics of the contractual cash flows from the financial asset.

The following financial assets are measured at amortized cost as the assets are held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect the contractual cash flows, and to the agreed terms of the assets at specified times give rise to cash flows that are only payments of principal and interest on the outstanding principal amount;

- -Loans to credit institutions
- -Loans to the public

These assets were, also as per the previous principles, measured at amortized cost.

The following financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income as the financial assets are held within a business model whose objective can be achieved both by collecting the contractual cash flows, and sell the assets, and to the contractual terms of the assets at specified times give rise to cash flows that are only payments of principal and interest on the outstanding principal amount;

-Bonds and other interest-bearing securities

These assets were measured at fair value through other comprehensive income also in the previous accounting principles.

If the company changes the business model, a reclassification will be carried out and reported. However, such changes are expected to occur very rarely. Such changes are determined by the company's executive management team as a result of external or internal changes and must be significant to the company's operations and shown for external parties.

Impairment

The new standard states that expected credit losses are to be accounted for, instead of previous standard when only occurred credit losses of impaired loans were reported. The new standard states that provisions for expected credit losses are not only recognized for loans to the public, but for all items in the balance sheet measured at amortized cost. In addition, provisions are also recognized on off-balance exposures to the loan commitments given (undrawn committed credit line).

Accounting of expected credit losses — loans to the public

Calculation of expected credit loss provisions is based on data generated in existing internal risk classification models. The assets' contracted cash flows is used when calculating credit loss allowances. The present value of the expected credit loss ("Expected Credit Loss" - ECL) is calculated by summing up the present value of the expected exposure at default ("Exposure at Default-EAD) at each time in the respective cash flow multiplied by the probability of default ("Probability of Default" - PD), and loss given default (the "Loss Given Default" - LGD). Even though the parameters are defined the same as in the application of internal rating models for solvency purposes, the parameters have been determined differently for accounting purposes to reflect the neutral and objective assumptions on cash flows and expected losses. The effective interest rate of the exposure is applied as discount rate. The parameters are forward-looking and based on aggregated various macroeconomic scenarios.

At the time of the initial recognition, the company report the present value of the statistically expected credit losses for the next 12 months (stage 1). If there is a significant increase in credit risk since the initial recognition, the expected credit loss provision for the exposure is calculated and accounted for by the expected time to maturity or for the estimated time horizon to default if the exposure has no definite time to maturity (stage 2). A significant increase in credit risk is considered to have occurred after the initial recognition of the credit when the customer is 30 days late on payments or when the current internal credit rating is significantly worse than the original according to internally agreed criteria. If the internal rating at a later stage has improved enough to allow a significant increase in credit risk no longer exists when compared with ratings in the initial report, the credit will be returned to stage 1.

As before, a loan loss provision is accounted for the remaining life of impaired credit exposures (previously known as impaired loans) when one or more events that have a negative impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset has occurred (stage 3). A loan is considered impaired based on the conditions as per previous principles definition of impaired loans, which is, when it is 90 days late in payments or where there is other evidence in the form of observable data about the following events:

- a) Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or borrower.
- b) The lender or the borrower has, financial or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, granting a significant concession to the borrower that the lender would not otherwise consider.
- c) It is highly likely that the borrower will go into bankruptcy or other financial reconstruction.

Impairment of bonds and other interest-bearing securities

Securities measured at fair value through other comprehensive income shall account for expected credit loss provision. The securities are measured at fair value in the balance sheet, this imply that a change in fair value due to changes in credit risk is recognized as profit or loss. The company's investment guidelines states that investments in securities is conducted with external investment classifications that meets the requirements for low credit risk portfolio. Based on the investment guidelines, these securities are within stage 1 and probability of default is estimated for the coming 12 Months. The Treasury Department continuously assess the impairment need.

Accounting of expected credit losses – loans to credit institutions

EnterCard's loans to credit institutions are within the requirements of the accounting principles for expected credit losses. Since all loans to credit institutions are repayable on demand and all lending is to Swedish credit institutions with high rating, the expected credit loss amount is considered insignificant.

Accounting of interest income

Interest income are recognized based on the net value of assets in stage 3 and the gross value (excluding provisions) for the

assets in the stages 1-2. This imply a change of the accounting principles, where interest income on impaired loans is recognized in the balance sheet under the line loans to the public.

Recognition in the balance sheet and income statement

Loan loss provisions are accounted in the balance sheet on the below items;

- Assets measured at amortized cost, as impairment of the assets carrying amount
- Loan commitments are recognized under the line provisions in the balance sheet

Changes in loan loss provisions are recognized on the line loan losses net, in the income statement.

The quantitative impact of the introduction of IFRS 9

The transition to IFRS 9 accounting principles has been applied in the opening balance for the fiscal year 2018. Comparable numbers has not been restated. As regards to the quantitative impact of the new accounting principles, see the below table.

Balance sheet	Before IFRS 9 adjustment	IFRS 9 adjustment, impairment effect	After IFRS 9 adjustment
Assets	2018-01-01	2018-01-01	2018-01-01
Loans to credit institutions	2 650 169	-	2 650 169
Loans to the public	24 186 570	-432 898	23 753 672
Bonds and other interest-bearing securities	2 025 314	-	2 025 314
Other assets	451 318	-	451 318
Total assets	29 313 371	-432 898	28 880 473
Liabilities and provisions			
Amounts owed to credit institutions	22 966 925	-	22 966 925
Other liabilities	694 859	-104 025	590 834
Provisions	-	39 942	39 942
Total liabilities and provisions	23 661 784	-64 083	23 597 701
Total equity	5 651 587	-368 815	5 282 772
Total liabilities, provisions and equity	29 313 371	-432 898	28 880 473

Note 2 Loan losses, net

	2018-01-01	2018-01-01
Loans at amortized cost	2018-06-30	2018-03-31
Change in provisions - stage 1	6 800	128 235
Change in provisions - stage 2	-27 156	-24 339
Change in provisions - stage 3	46 706	2 420
Total	26 350	106 316
The periods write-off for established loan losses	-456 507	-270 661
Recoveries from previously established loan losses	65 028	9 707
Total	-391 479	-260 954
Loan losses net, loans at amortized cost	-365 130	-154 638
Provisions for loan commitments, credit limits granted but not utilized		
Change in provisions - stage 1	-3 581	835
Change in provisions - stage 2	2 118	154
Change in provisions - stage 3	-	
Loan losses net, loan commitments	-1 464	989
Total loan losses, net	-366 594	-153 649

Loan losses net, historical values according to IAS 39

	2017-01-01	2017-01-01	2017-01-01
	2017-12-31	2017-06-30	*2017-06-30
Loans assessed individually			_
The period's write-off for established loan losses	-3 686	-	-1 940
Recoveries from previous year's established loan losses	375	-	190
Provisions for probable loan losses for the period	126	-	999
The period's net expense for individually assessed loans	-3 185	-	-751
Collectively measured homogenous groups of loans with limited value and similar credit risk			
The period's write-off for established loan losses	-805 943	-	-213 879
Recoveries from previous year's established loan losses	445 027	-	34 783
Provisions for probable loan losses for the period	-148 749	-	-179 547
The period's net expense for collectively measured homogeneous loans	-509 665	-	-358 643
Loan losses, net	-512 850	-	-359 394

^{*}Numbers as per June 30, 2017, refers to EnterCard group before the merger.

IFRS 9 was implemented January 1, 2018, as the accounting principle imply a forward-looking estimation, numbers for 2017 has not been adjusted and are not comparable.

Note 3 Loans to credit institutions and loans to the public

			2018-06-30	2017-12-31	*2017-06-30
	Loans before provisions (IFRS 9)	Provisions (IFRS 9)	Book value of loans after provisions, (IFRS 9)	Book value of loans after	Book value of loans after provisions, EnterCard group (IAS 39)
Loans to credit institutions	2 523 230	-	2 523 230	2 650 169	2 813 532
Loans to the public					
Loans to private customers	27 941 127	1 790 365	26 150 762	23 772 611	22 064 439
Loans to corporate customers	494 225	8 232	485 993	413 959	362 976
Total	28 435 353	1 798 598	26 636 755	24 186 570	22 427 415
Loans to the public and loans to credit institutions whereof accrued interest	30 958 583 99 072	1 798 598 -	29 159 986 -	26 836 739 -	25 240 948 -

^{*}Numbers as per June 30, 2017 refers to EnterCard group before the merger.

			2018-03-31	2017-12-31	*2017-03-31
	Loans before provisions (IFRS 9)	Provisions (IFRS 9)	Book value of loans after provisions, (IFRS 9)	Book value of loans after	Book value of loans after provisions, EnterCard group (IAS 39)
Loans to credit institutions	2 686 645	-	2 686 645	2 650 169	3 052 403
Loans to the public					
Loans to private customers	26 230 265	1 724 576	24 505 689	23 772 611	21 407 977
Loans to corporate customers	476 224	8 844	467 380	413 959	356 731
Total	26 706 489	1 733 420	24 973 069	24 186 570	21 764 708
Loans to the public and loans to credit institutions	29 393 134	1 733 420	27 659 714	26 836 739	24 817 111
whereof accrued interest	99 436	-	-	-	<u>-</u>

^{*}Numbers as per March 31, 2017 refers to EnterCard group before the merger.

Note 4 Change in provisions for loans

Change in book value (gross) and provisions June 30, 2018

	Performing loans		Non-performing loans	
Book value, gross	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Book value, gross, January 1, 2018	21 789 676	2 023 844	1 892 136	25 705 656
Book value, gross, June 30, 2018	24 410 407	2 188 561	1 836 385	28 435 353
Provisions for loans to the public and loans to credit in	nstitutions			
Provisions January 1, 2018	-328 282	-348 415	-1 122 245	-1 798 942
New and derecognised financial assets, net	33 687	-21 859	-177 302	-165 474
Changes in credit risk	-58 473	5 201	188 093	134 821
Transfer between stages during the period				
from stage 1 to stage 2	35 190	-211 663	-	-176 473
from stage 1 to stage 3	12 738	-	-162 205	-149 467
from stage 2 to stage 1	-13 107	51 464	-	38 357
from stage 2 to stage 3	-	140 916	175 390	316 306
from stage 3 to stage 1	-214	-	2 638	2 424
from stage 3 to stage 2	-	-991	2 606	1 615
Other	-	-64	-1 701	-1 765
Provisions June 30, 2018	-318 461	-385 411	-1 094 726	-1 798 598
Opening balance January 1, 2018	21 461 394	1 675 429	769 891	23 906 714
Closing balance June 30, 2018	24 091 946	1 803 150	741 659	26 636 755

Change in book value (gross) and provisions March 31, 2018

	Performing	loans	Non-performing loans		
Book value, gross	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	
Book value, gross, January 1, 2018	21 789 676	2 023 844	1 892 136	25 705 656	
Book value, gross, March 31, 2018	22 544 118	2 197 407	1 964 964	26 706 489	
Provisions for loans to the public and loans to credit in	nstitutions				
Provisions January 1, 2018	-328 282	-348 415	-1 122 245	-1 798 942	
New and derecognised financial assets, net	-25 106	-1 420	47 522	20 996	
Changes in credit risk	3 558	-14 565	75 526	64 519	
Transfer between stages during the period					
from stage 1 to stage 2	176 406	-157 254	-	19 152	
from stage 1 to stage 3	859	-	-20 914	-20 055	
from stage 2 to stage 1	-14 518	35 562	=	21 044	
from stage 2 to stage 3	-	106 143	-151 304	-45 161	
from stage 3 to stage 1	-584	-	3 380	2 796	
from stage 3 to stage 2	-	-1 225	3 520	2 295	
Other	=	-59	-5	-64	
Provisions March 31, 2018	-187 667	-381 233	-1 164 520	-1 733 420	
Book value					
Opening balance January 1, 2018	21 461 394	1 675 429	769 891	23 906 714	
Closing balance March 31, 2018	22 356 451	1 816 174	800 444	24 973 069	

Allocation of loans between stages and provisions (IFRS 9)

	2018-06-30	2018-03-31
Loans to credit institutions		
Stage 1		
Book value, gross	2 523 230	2 686 645
Provisions	-	-
Book value	2 523 230	2 686 645
Stage 2		
Book value, gross	-	-
Provisions	-	
Book value	-	-
Total book value	2 523 230	2 686 645
Loans to the public, private customers		
Stage 1		
Book value, gross	23 916 181	22 067 894
Provisions	-310 229	-178 823
Book value	23 605 953	21 889 071
Stage 2		
Book value, gross	2 188 561	2 197 407
Provisions	-385 411	-381 233
Book value	1 803 151	1 816 174
Stage 3		
Book value, gross	1 836 385	1 964 964
Provisions Book value	-1 094 726 741 659	-1 164 520 800 444
Total book value	26 150 762	24 505 689
	20 130 702	24 303 003
Loans to the public, corporate customers Stage 1		
Book value, gross	494 225	476 224
Provisions	-8 232	-8 844
Book value	485 993	467 380
DOOK Value	400 995	407 380
Total	29 159 985	27 659 714
Book value gross, stage 1	26 933 637	25 230 763
Book value gross, stage 2	2 188 561	2 197 407
Book value gross, stage 3	1 836 385	1 964 964
Total book value gross	30 958 583	29 393 134
Provisions stage 1	-318 461	-187 667
Provisions stage 2	-385 411	-381 233
Provisions stage 3	-1 094 726	-1 164 520
Total provisions	-1 798 598	-1 733 420
Total book value	29 159 985	27 659 714
Share of loans in stage 3, gross, %	5,93%	6,69%
Share of loans in stage 3, net, %	2,54%	2,89%
Provision ratio of loans stage 1	1,18%	0,74%
Provision ratio of loans stage 2	17,61%	17,35%
Provision ratio of loans stage 3	59,61%	59,26%
Total provision ratio of loans	5,81%	5,90%
·		

Outcome 2017

	2017-12-31	*2017-06-30
Loans at amortized cost	28 193 747	26 625 388
Loan loss provisions	-1 357 008	-1 384 440
Total loans to credit institutions and loans to the public	26 836 739	25 240 948
Loan receivables		
Loans at amortized cost	28 193 747	26 625 388
(before loan loss provisions)		
Loan loss provisions for individually assessed loans	-8 025	-7 151
Loan loss provisions for homogenous groups of loans	-1 348 983	-1 377 289
Total provisions	-1 357 008	-1 384 440
Loans at amortized cost	26 836 739	25 240 948
(after loan loss provisions)		
Impaired loans, after loan loss provisions	752 030	642 284

^{*}Numbers as per June 30, 2017, refers to EnterCard group before the merger.

Note 5 Bonds and other interest-bearing securities

Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

Issuers	2018-06-30	2017-12-31	2017-06-30
Municipalities	1 627 184	1 523 954	-
Foreign credit institutions	103 892	59 643	-
Foreign mortgage institutions	388 382	245 023	-
Other foreign issuers	208 034	196 693	<u>-</u>
Total	2 327 492	2 025 314	-

Fair value is the same as book value. All bonds and interest-bearing securities are within the Fair value 1 hierarchy.

Remaining maturity	2018-06-30	2017-12-31	2017-06-30
Maximum 1 year	223 467	239 313	-
Longer than 1 year but maximum 5 years	1 731 878	1 542 741	-
Longer than 5 years	372 147	243 259	<u>-</u>
Total	2 327 492	2 025 314	_

Total holdings of financial assets, broken down by issuer	2018-06-30	2017-12-31	2017-06-30
Issued by public entities	1 835 218	1 720 647	-
Issued by other borrowers	492 273	304 667	-
Total	2 327 492	2 025 314	-
Average remaining maturity, years	2,57	2,66	-
Average remaining fixed interest term, years	0,44	0,63	-
of which listed securities, TSEK	2 327 492	2 025 314	-
of which unlisted securities, TSEK	-	-	-

Note 6 Liquidity reserve and liquidity risk

	<u>-</u>	Distrib	ution by cur	rency	. <u>.</u>	Distribu	ution by curr	ency
	2018-06-30	SEK	NOK	DKK	2017-12-31	SEK	NOK	DKK
Securities issued or guaranteed by government or central bank Securities issued or guaranteed by municipalities or non-governmental	208 034	-	24 790	183 244	196 693	-	23 017	173 675
public entities	1 627 184	1 111 533	515 651	-	1 523 954	1 413 287	110 668	-
Covered bonds issued by others	388 382	-	388 382	-	245 023	-	245 023	-
Securities issued or guaranteed by multilateral development banks	103 892	-	103 892	-	59 643	-	59 643	
Total	2 327 492	1 111 533	1 032 714	183 244	2 025 314	1 413 287	438 352	173 675
Distribution by currency, %		48%	44%	8%		70%	22%	9%

In accordance with the Swedish Financial Supervisory Authority (SFSA) (Sw. Finansinspektionen) FFFS 2010:7 on liquidity risks.

Note 7 Capital adequacy

Calculation of capital requirements is conducted in accordance with European Parliament and Council Regulation (EU) 575/2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms (prudential regulation) act (2014: 966) on capital buffers, and the Swedish Financial Supervisory Authority (SFSA) (Sw. Finansinspektionen) FFFS 2014: 12 on regulatory requirements and capital buffers. The outcome refers to the calculation in accordance with the statutory minimum capital requirement, called Pillar I, as well as capital in accordance to the combined buffer requirement.

EnterCard applies the standardized approach to calculate the capital requirement for credit risk. Credit risk is calculated on all asset and off-balance sheet items unless deducted from own funds. Capital requirements for operational risk is calculated using the standardized approach, which means that the activities are divided into business areas which have been assigned different beta factors. Capital requirement is calculated as a three-year average for the last three year's financial operating revenue in each business multiplied by the corresponding beta factor. EnterCard also calculates a capital requirement for currency risk. The combined buffer requirement is a requirement to hold a capital conservation buffer of 2.5 percent of the risk-weighted exposure amount. The buffer requirement also includes a countercyclical buffer, which currently amounts to 1.8 percent of the risk-weighted exposure amount. EnterCard don't have any exposures within Trading.

EnterCard Group AB is a Swedish credit market company with license to conduct financing business in the Scandinavian market. The operations in Norway and Denmark is conducted through the branches "EnterCard Norway, branch of EnterCard Group AB" and "EnterCard Denmark, branch of EnterCard Group AB". Information in this note is submitted in accordance with prudential regulation, Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) no 1423/2013 on implementing technical standards with regard to the disclosure requirements of capital for institutions under prudential regulation, the SFSA's regulations and general guidelines (FFFS 2008: 25) on Annual Reports in credit institutions and investment firms, and the SFSA's guidelines on regulatory requirements and capital buffers.

Besides the above capital adequacy requirement, EnterCard holds additional capital according to the total capital calculated in the Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP). As of December 31, 2017, the internal capital requirement amounted to 14.8 percent. Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment is available on EnterCard website https://www.entercard.com.

EnterCard Group AB is included through the proportional consolidation method in Swedbank consolidated situation.

Capital adequacy analysis	2018-06-30	2017-12-31
Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio	18,1%	18,9%
Tier 1 capital ratio	18,1%	18,9%
Total capital ratio	18,1%	18,9%
Capital adequacy	2018-06-30	2017-12-31
Shareholders' equity	5 427 869	5 651 587
Intangible assets	-108 512	-123 206
Deferred taxes	-6 216	-5 664
Dividends and other forseeable charges	-253 908	-550 000
Common equity Tier 1	5 059 233	4 972 717
Tier 1 capital	5 059 233	4 972 717
Total capital base	5 059 233	4 972 717
Risk exposure amount and own funds requirement for credit	risk 2018-06-30	
Exposure classes	Risk exposure amount	Own funds requirement
I all all I		

Exposure classes	Risk exposure amount	Own funds requirement
Institutional exposures	504 824	40 386
Covered bonds	38 838	3 107
Retail exposures	19 331 406	1 546 513
Regional governments or local authorities	1 794	144
Corporate exposures	7 346	588
Exposures in default	741 659	59 333
Other exposures	333 500	26 680
Total	20 959 368	1 676 749
Total capital requirement for credit risk according to the standardized approach	ı	1 676 749
Capital requirement for operational risk		
Risk exposure amount		4 268 360
Capital requirement according to the standardized approach		341 469
Total capital requirement for operational risk		341 469
Capital requirement for market risk (foreign exchange risk)		
Risk exposure amount		2 751 865
Capital requirement		220 149
Total capital requirement for market risk (foreign exchange risk)		220 149
Capital requirement for settlement risk		-
Capital requirement for credit value adjustment (CVA) risk		-
Total capital requirement		2 238 367
Requirements buffers, %		2018-06-30
Total Tier 1 capital requirement including buffer requirement		8,8
whereof minimum CET1 requirement		4,5
whereof capital conservation buffer requirement		2,5
whereof countercyclical capital buffer requirement		1,8
whereof system risk buffer requirement		-
Common Equity Tier 1 capital available to be used as buffer		9,3
Leverage ratio, %		14,2

Tier 1 capital in relation to the total exposure measure. Where the exposure measure includes both on- and off-balance sheet items.

Risk exposure amount and own funds requirement for credit risk 2017-12-31

		Own funds		
Exposure classes	Risk exposure amount	requirement		
Institutional exposures	530 202	42 416		
Covered bonds	24 476	1 958		
Retail exposures	17 644 425	1 411 554		
Regional governments or local authorities exposures	1 506	120		
Corporate exposures	8 017	641		
Exposures in default	752 030	60 162		
Other exposures	224 993	17 999		
Total	19 185 647	1 534 852		
Total capital requirement for credit risk according to the standardized approach				
Capital requirement for operational risk				
Risk exposure amount		4 250 245		
Capital requirement according to the standardized approach		340 020		
Total capital requirement for operational risk		340 020		
Capital requirement for market risk (foreign exchange risk)				
Risk exposure amount		2 940 218		
Capital requirement		235 217		
Total capital requirement for market risk risk (foreign exchange risk)		235 217		
Total capital requirements		2 110 089		

Note 8 Related parties

Swedbank AB (publ) and Barclays Bank Plc has control through a joint venture. The companies are ultimate parent in the respective group.

	Sv	wedbank Group		Barclays Group		
Balance sheet	2018-06-30	2017-12-31	2017-06-30	2018-06-30	2017-12-31	2017-06-30
Assets						
Loans to credit institutions	2 523 230	2 650 169	2 813 532	-	-	-
Other assets	1 090	1 370	1 010	-	-	-
Total	2 524 321	2 651 540	2 814 542	-	-	-
Liabilities						
Amounts owed to credit institutions	12 987 704	11 483 462	10 782 784	12 987 704	11 483 462	10 782 784
Other liabilities	16 861	23 234	18 227	21 497	21 497	21 734
Total	13 004 565	11 506 696	10 801 011	13 009 201	11 504 959	10 804 518
Income statement						
Interest income	-71	-309	-174	-	-	-
Interest expenses	-36 293	-70 088	-38 022	-36 178	-69 854	-37 903
Commission income	39 644	123 828	49 042	-	-	-
Commission expenses	-2 737	-5 881	-2 992	-	-	-
Other expenses	-3 808	-11 927	-6 116	=	-	-
Total	-3 265	35 622	1 738	-36 178	-69 854	-37 903

Stockholm August 31, 2018

Freddy Syversen Chief Executive Officer